

OREGON OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH DIVISION (Oregon OSHA)

The Oregon Occupational Safety and Health Division (Oregon OSHA) offers a wide range of services to Oregon's employers and workers to improve workplace safety and health. These services include:

- Consultations
- Education/conferences
- Technical resources and film library
- Educational grants
- Hazard abatement assistance

For more information, contact:
Oregon OSHA
350 Winter St. NE, Rm. 430
P.O. Box 14480
Salem, OR 97309-0405
503-378-3272 or
800-922-2689
www.orosha.org

Fatality/claims data

Visit the DCBS Web site at <http://dcbs.oregon.gov>. Select the "Statistical Reports" link for additional workers' compensation claims data and other statistical reports, or call the Information Management Division at 503-378-8254.

Census of fatal occupational injuries

National work-related fatality data can be found on the Bureau of Labor Statistics' Web site at: <http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfoi1.htm>.

Fatality assessment and control evaluation

Information about Oregon Health and Science University's Fatality Assessment and Control Evaluation Program (FACE) can be found at: <http://www.ohsu.edu/croet/face/>.

Employer workers' compensation coverage

For additional information about employer coverage requirements, you may contact the Workers' Compensation Division Employer Compliance Program at wcd.employerinfo@state.or.us, call 888-877-5670, or find it on the Internet at: <http://www.cbs.state.or.us/external/wcd/index.html>.

Classification systems

Data are classified according to the following classification systems:

Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS)
Standard Occupation Classification System (SOC)
North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)

Department of Consumer & Business Services
Information Management Division
350 Winter St. NE, Room 300
P.O. Box 14480
Salem, OR 97309-0405
503-378-8254



Department of Consumer & Business Services

Information Management Division



Oregon Compensable Fatality Characteristics

Calendar Year 2007



The Oregon Workers' Compensation Division received notification of 35 compensable fatalities in 2007, the third-lowest number reported since the state began tracking the statistic in 1943.

OREGON COMPENSABLE FATALITIES 1998-2007

Year	W.C. covered employment	Fatal claims	Fatal rate
1998	1,576,100	52	3.30
1999	1,602,700	47	2.93
2000	1,627,600	45	2.76
2001	1,616,400	34	2.10
2002	1,596,100	52	3.26
2003	1,585,800	41	2.59
2004	1,630,500	45	2.76
2005	1,677,500	31	1.85
2006	1,727,300	37	2.14
2007	1,756,800	35	1.99

Note: Workers' compensation-covered employment figures are based on data from the Oregon Employment Department. Fatality rates are the number of fatality claims per 100,000 workers. The 2007 employment and fatality rate estimates are preliminary. The covered employment estimate is based on data from the Oregon Office of Economic Analysis forecast of nonagriculture wage and salary employment.

Data exclude deaths of workers not subject to Oregon Workers' Compensation coverage, such as workers who were self-employed (including contractors), working in Oregon for out-of-state employers, city of Portland police and fire employees, and federal employees.

EVENT resulting in injury	2007 fatalities	Percent of total
Falls	10	28.6%
Highway accidents	7	20.0%
Pedestrian accidents	5	14.3%
Industrial vehicle accidents	4	11.4%
Struck by or against	4	11.4%
Caught in, under, between	2	5.7%
Animal assaults	1	2.9%
Fires and explosions	1	2.9%
Homicides	1	2.9%

At least two of the seven workers killed in highway motor vehicle accidents were not wearing seatbelts (three were unknown).

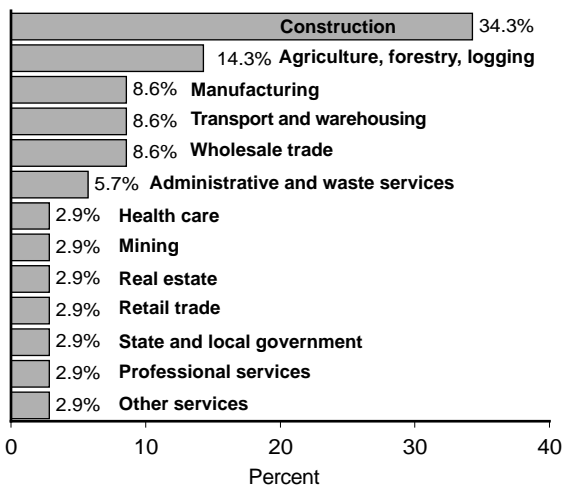
SOURCE of injury or disease	2007 fatalities	Percent of total
Vehicles	16	45.7%
Structures and surfaces	10	28.6%
Machinery	3	8.6%
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	3	8.6%
Containers	1	2.9%
Other sources	1	2.9%
Parts and materials	1	2.9%

Semi-trucks accounted for five of the 16 vehicles involved in fatal accidents.

Compensable Fatality Facts, Oregon, 2007

- The average age of fatally injured workers in 2007 was 35, which is 10 years less than the average of 45 in 2006.
- The oldest worker was a 72-year-old logger who was run over by a logging truck. The youngest worker was a 16-year-old farm worker who was driving a wheat truck that crashed into an embankment.
- Three of the fatally injured workers in 2007 were female.
- Falls accounted for nearly 29 percent of compensable fatalities in 2007, this is a 150 percent increase over the four workers killed in 2006.
- There were no compensable fatalities due to occupational illness for 2007.
- Workplace deaths in the construction industry topped the list in 2007 with 12 incidents. This is more than double the five deaths in 2006 and is the highest number of construction deaths since the 14 counted in 1995.

OREGON INDUSTRIES by percent of 2007 compensable fatalities

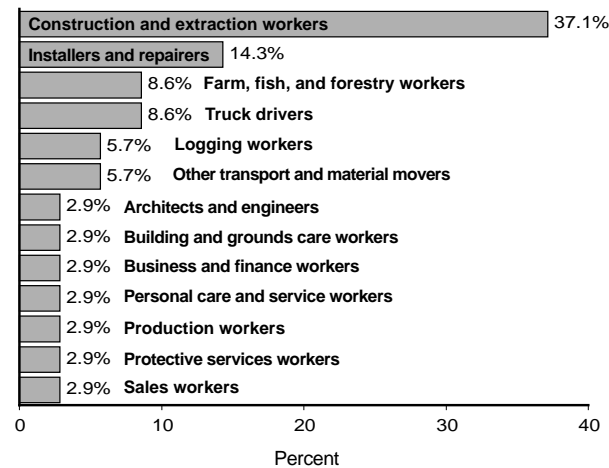


Note: Because of rounding, percents may not sum to 100.

TENURE of worker	2007 fatalities	Percent of total
1st year	11	31.4%
One month or less	7	19.9%
4th-6th months	3	8.6%
7th-12th months	1	2.9%
2nd year	3	8.6%
3rd year	5	14.3%
4th-5th years	2	5.7%
6th-10th years	2	5.7%
11th-25th years	4	11.4%
26th and more	1	2.9%
Unknown	7	20.0%

Note: Tenure is the amount of time the worker had worked for the employer at injury and is not necessarily indicative of the worker's level of experience.

OCCUPATION OF INJURED OREGON WORKERS by percent of 2007 compensable fatalities



Note: Because of rounding, percents may not sum to 100.