

INJURY/DISEASE FACTS, OREGON, 2012

- Occupational diseases comprised 8.9 percent of the accepted disabling claims.
- Workers in their first year with an employer filed 4,987 claims, 26.8 percent of the total accepted in 2012.
- Of the total 18,631 accepted disabling claims, 51 were for workers under 18 and 528 were for workers 65 or older. The average age of claimants in 2012 was 42.
- Most of the claims were for male workers, accounting for 11,870 (63.7 percent) of the total.
- The average weekly wage at time of injury for all claimants was \$662.67. The average weekly wage for all Oregon workers, excluding federal employees, was \$862.27.
- Private industry accounted for 16,078 of the accepted disabling claims, approximately 86 percent.
- Transportation and material movers are the most common injured worker occupations, comprising more than 16 percent of all accepted disabling claims in 2012.

OREGON OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH DIVISION (Oregon OSHA)

The Oregon Occupational Safety and Health Division (Oregon OSHA) offers a wide range of services to Oregon's employers and workers to improve workplace safety and health:

- Consultations
- Education/conferences
- Technical resources, publications, and video/DVD library
- Educational grants
- Hazard abatement assistance

For more information, contact:
Oregon OSHA

350 Winter St. NE, Room 430
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Salem, OR 97309-0405
503-378-3272 or 800-922-2689

www.orosha.org

Visit the DCBS website: <http://dcbs.oregon.gov>
and select the "Statistical Reports" link for additional
claims data and statistical reports, or call 503-378-8254.

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Workers' Compensation Claims Characteristics

Calendar Year 2012



Central Services Division
Information Technology and
Research Section

The Workers' Compensation Division received notification of 18,631 accepted disabling claims in 2012, a decline of 60 claims from 2011. Employment increased by 21,000 workers, resulting in a 2012 claims rate of 1.1 claims per 100 workers.

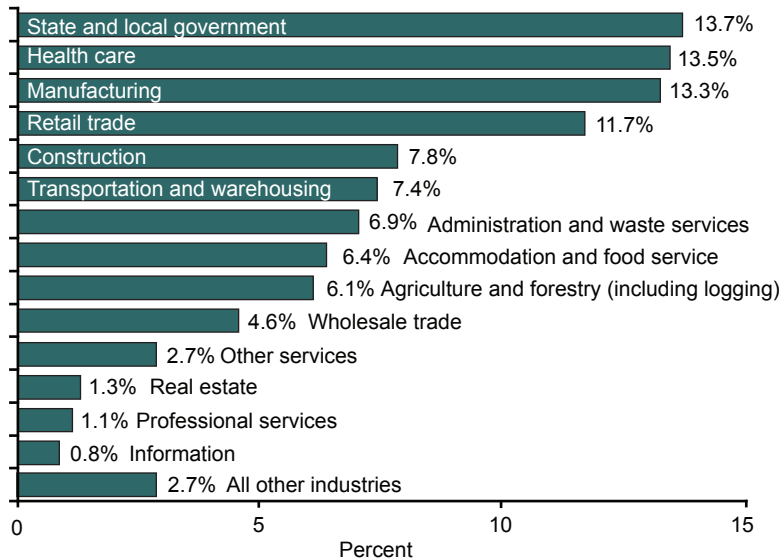
ACCEPTED DISABLING CLAIMS 2003-2012

Year	Employment	Claims	Rates	Fatals
2003	1,585,800	21,823	1.4	41
2004	1,630,500	22,319	1.4	45
2005	1,677,500	22,111	1.3	31
2006	1,734,400	23,370	1.3	37
2007	1,762,700	23,431	1.3	35
2008	1,746,200	21,660	1.2	45
2009	1,637,400	18,949	1.2	31
2010	1,623,300	18,012	1.1	17
2011	1,641,300	18,691	1.1	28
2012	1,662,300	18,631	1.1	30

Note: Employment figures based on data from Oregon Employment Department. Claims rates represent the number of claims per 100 workers. Disabling claims include fatal cases.

In 2012, there were 77 years separating the oldest and youngest workers. The youngest was a 14-year-old farm worker. The oldest was a 91-year-old food service worker.

OREGON INDUSTRIES by percent of 2012 workers' comp. claims



Note: Excludes two claims in which industry was not reported. Because of rounding, percents may not sum to 100.

MOST COMMON CLAIMS CHARACTERISTICS*

NATURE of injury or disease	Claims	Percent
Sprains, strains, tears	9,461	50.8%
Fractures	2,076	11.1%
Multiple injuries	1,308	7.0%
Bruises, contusions	1,096	5.9%
Both injury and disease	777	4.2%
Cuts, lacerations	774	4.2%
Muscle, tissue disorders	618	3.3%
Dislocations	563	3.0%
Hernias	401	2.2%
Burns	212	1.1%

Sprains or strains of the back were the most common injury in 2012, accounting for 3,398 claims (18.2 percent).

EVENT resulting in injury	Claims	Percent
Overexertion	5,098	27.4%
Struck by or against	2,621	14.1%
Bodily reaction	2,435	13.1%
Fall to same level	2,348	12.6%
Repetitive motion	1,493	8.0%
Fall from elevation	1,148	6.2%
Caught in, under, between	635	3.4%
Highway motor vehicle accident	517	2.8%
Assault or violent acts	465	2.5%
Contact with temp. extremes	179	1.0%

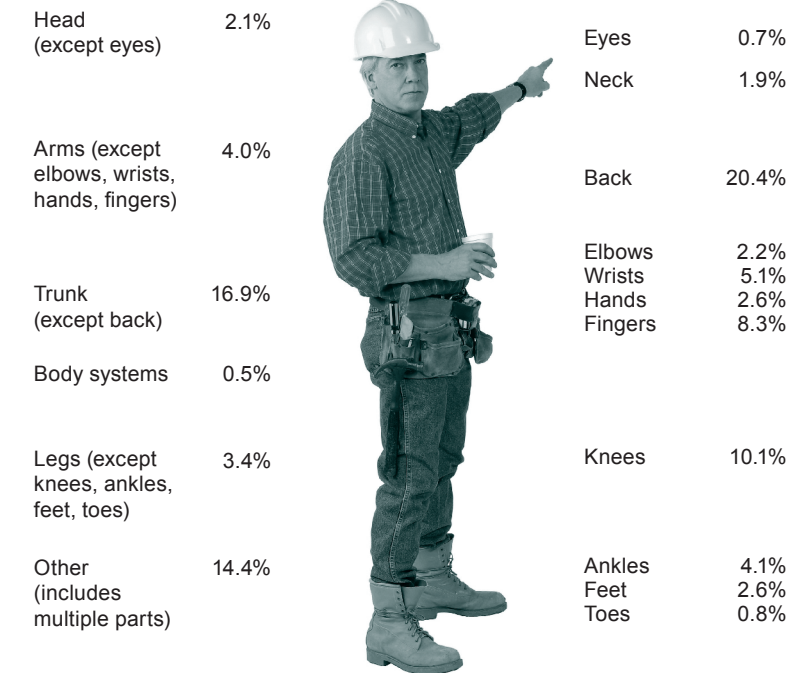
There were 3,512 accepted disabling claims for falls in 2012. Approximately 69 percent of them resulted in either sprains (1,548) or fractures (937).

SOURCE of injury or disease	Claims	Percent
Bodily condition, motion	3,946	21.2%
Floors, walkways, ground	3,173	17.0%
Containers	1,828	9.8%
Other person	1,475	7.9%
Vehicles	1,382	7.4%
Machinery	1,077	5.8%
Hand tools	734	3.9%
Furniture and fixtures	672	3.6%
Building materials	439	2.4%
Wood, lumber	227	1.2%

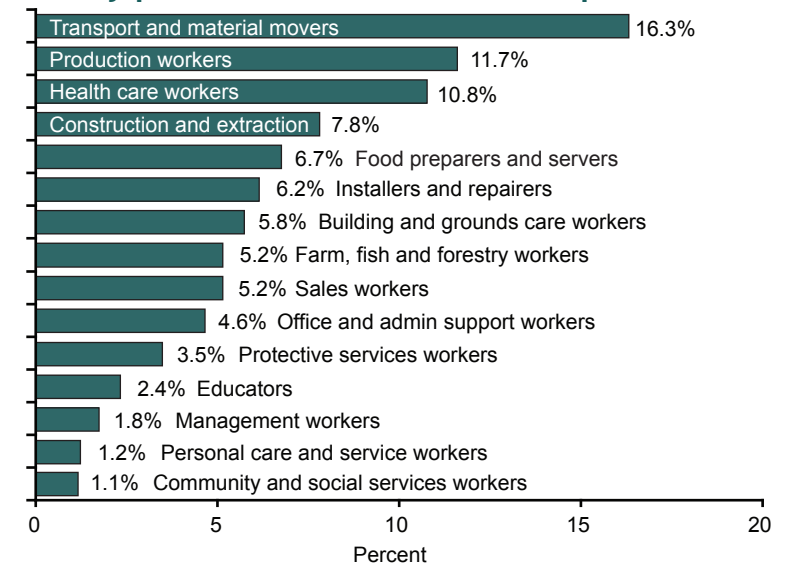
Bodily condition and/or motion incidents are those cases in which the workers themselves are the primary source of injury or illness, such as a worker twisting his back when reaching for a box. These events most commonly result in sprains or strains (approximately 60 percent).

* Only the top 10 most frequent characteristics are listed for Nature, Event, and Source.

Part of Body Affected:



OCCUPATION OF INJURED OREGON WORKERS by percent of 2012 workers' comp. claims



Note: Because of rounding, percents may not sum to 100.