

**Table 5. Compensable work-related fatalities by industry (NAICS),
Oregon, 2001-2005**

Industry	Acceptance year					Five year	
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	Total	%
Private sector total	30	43	38	44	29	184	90.2
Agriculture, forestry, fishing	7	12	16	10	8	53	26.0
<i>Crop production</i>	-	3	-	2	2	7	3.4
<i>Animal production</i>	-	1	-	-	1	2	1.0
<i>Forestry and logging</i>	6	7	8	8	3	32	15.7
<i>Agriculture and forestry support</i>	1	1	8	-	2	12	5.9
Mining	-	-	-	2	1	3	1.5
Utilities	-	-	1	-	-	1	0.5
Construction	4	7	6	5	5	27	13.2
<i>Building construction</i>	-	1	3	-	-	4	2.0
<i>Heavy construction</i>	1	2	3	-	2	8	3.9
<i>Specialty trade</i>	3	4	-	5	3	15	7.4
Manufacturing	5	10	4	11	5	35	17.2
<i>Food manufacturing</i>	-	-	-	1	-	1	0.5
<i>Wood product manufacturing</i>	1	3	2	4	2	12	5.9
<i>Paper manufacturing</i>	-	1	-	1	-	2	1.0
<i>Chemical manufacturing</i>	1	-	-	-	-	1	0.5
<i>Plastics and rubber</i>	-	1	-	1	-	2	1.0
<i>Nonmetallic mineral products</i>	1	2	-	1	1	5	2.5
<i>Primary metal manufacturing</i>	1	1	1	3	1	7	3.4
<i>Fabricated metal products</i>	1	1	1	-	-	3	1.5
<i>Computer and electronic products</i>	-	1	-	-	-	1	0.5
<i>Transportation equipment</i>	-	-	-	-	1	1	0.5
Wholesale trade	1	1	1	5	2	10	4.9
<i>Merchant wholesale, durable</i>	1	-	1	1	2	5	2.5
<i>Merchant wholesale, nondurable</i>	-	1	-	4	-	5	2.5
Retail trade	1	4	-	2	3	10	4.9
<i>Motor vehicles and parts</i>	-	1	-	-	1	2	1.0
<i>Building material and garden supply</i>	1	2	-	-	-	3	1.5
<i>Food and beverage stores</i>	-	1	-	-	-	1	0.5
<i>Gasoline stations</i>	-	-	-	-	1	1	0.5
<i>General merchandise</i>	-	-	-	1	1	2	1.0
<i>Nonstore retailers</i>	-	-	-	1	-	1	0.5
Transportation and warehousing	8	5	2	4	4	23	11.3
<i>Air transportation</i>	3	-	-	-	-	3	1.5
<i>Truck transportation</i>	4	5	1	4	3	17	8.3
<i>Transit transportation</i>	-	-	-	-	1	1	0.5
<i>Transportation support</i>	-	-	1	-	-	1	0.5
<i>Warehousing and storage</i>	1	-	-	-	-	1	0.5
Information	-	-	1	-	-	1	0.5

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**Table 5. Compensable work-related fatalities by industry (NAICS),
Oregon, 2001-2005, continued**

Industry	Acceptance year				Five year		
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	Total	%
Finance and insurance	-	-	-	2	-	2	1.0
Professional and technical services	-	2	2	1	-	5	2.5
Management of companies	1	-	-	-	-	1	0.5
Administrative and waste services	2	-	3	1	1	7	3.4
<i>Admin. and support</i>	2	-	2	1	1	6	2.9
<i>Waste mgmt. and remediation svcs.</i>	-	-	1	-	-	1	0.5
Health care and social assistance	1	2	-	-	-	3	1.5
<i>Hospitals</i>	-	2	-	-	-	2	1.0
<i>Social assistance</i>	1	-	-	-	-	1	0.5
Other services	-	-	2	1	-	3	1.5
<i>Personal and laundry services</i>	-	-	1	1	-	2	1.0
<i>Membership organizations</i>	-	-	1	-	-	1	0.5
Public sector total	4	9	3	2	2	20	9.8
State government	1	1	1	-	1	4	2.0
Local government	3	8	2	2	1	16	7.8
Total	34	52	41	46	31	204	100.0

Footnotes:

Compensable fatalities are claims, accepted by insurers, arising from a fatal occupational injury or disease that entitles workers and/or their survivors to compensation. Data exclude deaths of workers not subject to Oregon Workers' Compensation coverage, such as workers who were self-employed, worked in Oregon for out-of-state employers, city of Portland police and fire employees, or federal employees. For additional information about employer coverage requirements, you may contact the Employer Compliance Program at wcd.employerinfo@state.or.us or call (888) 877-5670.

Industries are classified according to the [North American Industry Classification System](#) (NAICS), 2002 edition.

Employees of client leasing firms are reported by the industry in which they were working at the time of injury.

During 2004, the Oregon Workers' Compensation Division began converting claims data from the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system to the new North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). This conversion will allow the United States to make data comparisons with Canada and Mexico. Tables for 2004 and 2005 are available for fatalities by SIC and NAICS codes. Previous years' tables were presented using SIC codes only.

Dashes indicate no claims were received.

0.0 percent indicates that the percentage of claims calculates to less than 0.05.

Source: Information Management Division, Oregon Department of Consumer and Business Services