Table 6. Compensable work-related fatalities by event and occupation (SOC)
Oregon, 2012

	Accident event or exposure										
Occupation (SOC)	Caught in, under	Contact w/ electric	Fall, jump	Highway vehicle accident	Homi- cide	Industrial vehicle accident	Pedestrian accident	Rubbed or abraded by	Struck by, against	Toxic exposure	Water vehicle accident
Community and social services (21)	1	-	ı	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Protective services (33)	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food preparation and serving (35)	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farming, fishing, and forestry (45)	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	-
Construction and extraction (47)	-	1	2	1	-	1	2	-	-	1	-
Installation, repair (49)	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	1
Production occupations (51)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation, material (53)	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	1	1	3	8	4	1	4	1	5	1	1

Compensable fatalities are claims accepted by insurers arising from a fatal occupational injury or disease that entitle workers or their survivors to compensation.

Data exclude deaths of exempt workers, such as workers who were self-employed, worked in Oregon for out-of-state employers, city of Portland police and fire employees, or federal employees. For more information about employer coverage requirements, contact the Employer Compliance Program at wcd.employerinfo@state.or.us or call 888-877-5670 (toll-free).

Claims characteristics are classified according to the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS 2007 edition).

Data are based on the date the Department of Consumer and Business Services received notification that the fatal claim was accepted, which may be different than the date of injury or illness or the date of death. Dashes indicate no claims were received.

Occupation is classified according to the Standard Occupational Coding Manual (SOC), May 2000 edition.

Source data are continually updated to be as accurate as possible, so report results may vary over time.

Central Services Division, Oregon Department of Consumer and Business Services, August 2013 (CCRA063/2068t)