

# 2010 Oregon Workers' Compensation Premium Rate Ranking Summary

Department of Consumer and Business Services

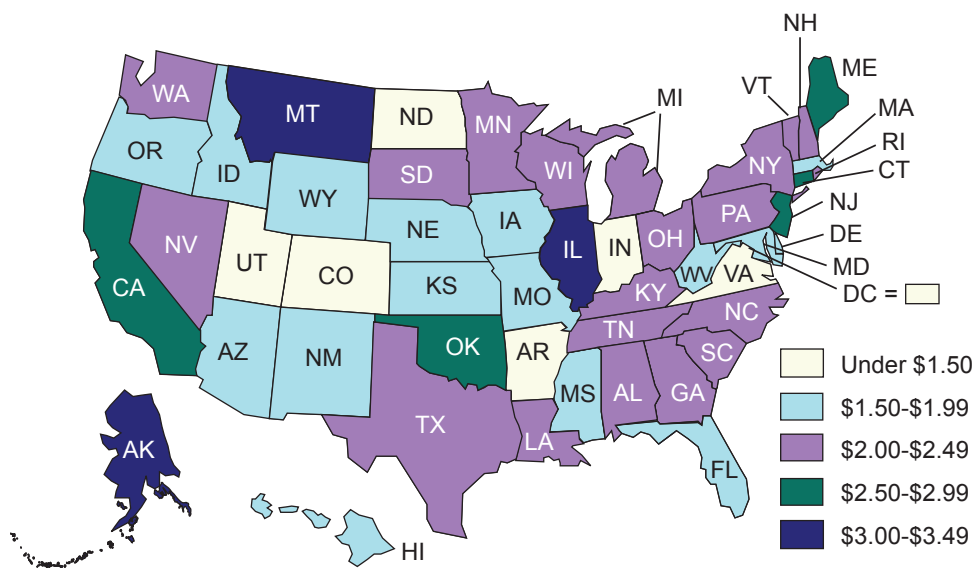
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Oregon employers in the voluntary market pay, on average, the 41st highest workers' compensation premium rates in the nation. Oregon rates are 17 percent below those of the median state in the study.

Premium rate indices are calculated based on data from 51 jurisdictions, for rates in effect as of Jan. 1, 2010. Oregon's premium rate index is \$1.69 per \$100 of payroll, or 83 percent of the national median. National premium rate indices range from a low of \$1.02 in North Dakota to a high of \$3.33 in Montana. The 2010 median value is \$2.04, which is a drop of 10 percent from the \$2.26 median of the 2008 study. Three jurisdictions have an index rate in the \$3.00 to \$3.49 range; five are in the \$2.50 to \$2.99 range; 20 are in the \$2.00 to \$2.49 range; 16 are in the \$1.50 to \$1.99 range; and seven have indices under \$1.50.

**Figure 1. 2010 Workers' compensation premium index rates**



**Table 1. Oregon's ranking in the top 10 classifications**

Occupation	Ranking
Clerical office employees NOC	45
Salespersons - outside	48
College: professional employees and clerical	39
Physician and clerical	42
Restaurant NOC	40
Store: retail, NOC	41
Hospital: professional employees	36
Automobile service/repair center and drivers	34
Trucking: NOC - all employees and drivers	28
Health care employees - retirement, nursing, convalescent	21

This study used classification codes from the National Council on Compensation Insurance (NCCI). Of approximately 450 active classes in Oregon, 50 were selected based on relative importance as measured by share of losses in Oregon. To control for differences in industry distributions, each state's rates were weighted by 2004-2006 Oregon payroll to obtain an average manual rate for that state. Listed in Table 1 are Oregon's rankings in the top 10 of the 50 classifications used.

**Table 2 (on the back) contains the premium rate ranking for all 51 jurisdictions.**

**Table 2. Workers' compensation premium rate ranking**

2010 Ranking	2008 Ranking	State	Index Rate	Percent of study median	Effective Date
1	2	Montana	3.33	163%	July 1, 2009
2	1	Alaska	3.10	152%	Jan. 1, 2010
3	10	Illinois	3.05	149%	Jan. 1, 2010
4	9	Oklahoma	2.87	141%	11/1/09 state fund, 1/1/10 private
5	13	California	2.68	131%	Jan. 1, 2010
6	20	Connecticut	2.55	125%	Jan. 1, 2010
7	16	New Jersey	2.53	124%	Jan. 1, 2010
8	5	Maine	2.52	123%	Jan. 1, 2010
10	14	New Hampshire	2.45	120%	Jan. 1, 2010
10	8	Alabama	2.45	120%	March 1, 2009
12	17	Texas	2.38	117%	May 1, 2009
12	12	South Carolina	2.38	117%	July 1, 2009
13	19	New York	2.34	115%	Oct. 1, 2009
14	15	Pennsylvania	2.32	114%	April 1, 2009
15	7	Kentucky	2.29	112%	Oct. 1, 2009
16	24	Minnesota	2.27	111%	Jan. 1, 2010
17	3	Ohio	2.24	110%	July 1, 2009
18	4	Vermont	2.22	109%	April 1, 2009
19	34	Wisconsin	2.21	108%	Oct. 1, 2009
20	21	Tennessee	2.19	108%	Nov. 4, 2009
21	18	Nevada	2.13	104%	March 2, 2009
23	32	Michigan	2.12	104%	Jan. 1, 2009
23	22	North Carolina	2.12	104%	April 1, 2009
24	25	Georgia	2.08	102%	July 1, 2009
25	11	Louisiana	2.06	101%	Oct. 1, 2009
26	38	Washington	2.04	100%	Jan. 1, 2010
28	36	South Dakota	2.02	99%	July 1, 2009
28	26	Rhode Island	2.02	99%	Jan. 1, 2010
29	34	Idaho	1.98	97%	Jan. 1, 2010
30	32	Nebraska	1.97	97%	Feb. 1, 2009
31	24	Mississippi	1.96	96%	March 1, 2009
32	32	New Mexico	1.91	94%	Jan. 1, 2010
33	28	Missouri	1.90	93%	Jan. 1, 2010
34	7	Delaware	1.85	91%	Dec. 1, 2009
35	41	West Virginia	1.84	90%	Nov. 1, 2009
36	41	Iowa	1.82	89%	Jan. 1, 2010
37	37	Wyoming	1.79	88%	Jan. 1, 2010
38	45	Arizona	1.71	84%	Jan. 1, 2010
40	36	Hawaii	1.70	83%	Jan. 1, 2010
40	28	Florida	1.70	83%	Jan. 1, 2010
<b>41</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>OREGON</b>	<b>1.69</b>	<b>83%</b>	<b>Jan. 1, 2010</b>
42	44	Maryland	1.63	80%	Jan. 1, 2010
43	42	Kansas	1.55	76%	Jan. 1, 2010
44	49	Massachusetts	1.54	75%	Sept. 1, 2008
45	46	Utah	1.46	71%	Dec. 1, 2009
47	43	Colorado	1.39	68%	Jan. 1, 2010
47	48	Virginia	1.39	68%	April 1, 2009
48	29	District of Columbia	1.32	65%	Nov. 1, 2009
49	47	Arkansas	1.18	58%	July 1, 2009
50	50	Indiana	1.16	57%	Jan. 1, 2010
51	51	North Dakota	1.02	50%	July 1, 2009

Notes: Starting with the 2008 study, when two or more states' Index Rate values are the same, they are assigned the same ranking. The index rates reflect adjustments for the characteristics of each individual state's residual market. Rates vary by classification and insurer in each state. Actual cost to an employer can be adjusted by the employer's experience rating, premium discount, retrospective rating, and dividends. [Link to previous reports and summaries.](#)

Employers can reduce their workers' compensation rates through accident prevention, safety training, and by helping injured workers return to work quickly.

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