TABLE A-5. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Oregon, 2005

Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ²					
		Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total	. 65	31	5	15	11		
Management occupations	. 9	4					
Other management occupations		4					
Construction managers							
Construction managers	. 4						
Miscellaneous managers							
Managers, all other							
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations		4		4			
Agricultural workers	. 4						
Miscellaneous agricultural workers	. 4						
Forest, conservation, and logging workers	. 4						
Logging workers	. 3						
Construction and extraction occupations	. 12	4		5			
Construction trades workers	. 9	3		4			
Construction equipment operators	. 4						
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators							
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations							
Transportation and material moving occupations		14					
Air transportation workers		4					
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers		4					
Commercial pilots		4					
Motor vehicle operators		9					
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	. 9	8					
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	. 8	7					
Material moving workers	. 3						

¹ Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification System.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2005 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

² Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁴ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.