TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry ¹ sector, Oregon, 2007

			Goods p	oroducing		Service providing								
Primary source and secondary source	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ²	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	
Total	69	41	18	14	9	23	16			3	3		-	
Primary Source ³														
Chemicals and chemical products	4												-	
Chemical productsgeneral	3												-	
Drugs, alcohol, medicines	3													
Machinery	4	3											_	
Parts and materials		4											_	
Building materialssolid elements		3											_	
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals		4	3										_	
Plants, trees, vegetationnot processed		3											_	
Trees, logs		3											_	
Structures and surfaces		Ω Ω		7		1								
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces		0		7		4							_	
		0		,		4							_	
Floors	4												_	
Floor of building													_	
Ground													-	
Sidewalks, paths, outdoor walkways		15	10			15	10						_	
Vehicles			10		3	15	10				3		_	
Air vehicle						4					3		-	
Aircraftpowered fixed wing						4					3		-	
Propeller-driven aircraft						4					3		-	
Highway vehicle, motorized			5			9	7						-	
Truck		8	5			8	7							
Pickup truck	3												-	
Semitrailer, tractor trailer,														
trailer truck		4	3			3	3						-	
Truck, n.e.c													-	
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors		4]]			
Forklift													-	
Other sources		6	4										-	
Ammunition		5											-	
Bullets	4												-	
Secondary Source ⁴														
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	9	5				4							_	
Plants, trees, vegetationnot processed						3							_	
Trees, logs						ব							_	
See footnotes at end of table.										1				

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry 1 sector, Oregon, 2007 - continued

	Total fatalities (number)	Goods producing				Service providing								
Primary source and secondary source		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ²	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	
Structures and surfaces	11	6		4		5	4							
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	4					3	3							
Other structural elements	3	3		3										
Roof	3	3		3										
Structures	4													
Other structures	3													
Tools, instruments, and equipment	10	6		4		3	3							
Ladders	5	3		3										
Laddersmovable	5	3		3										
Other tools, instruments, and equipment	3													
Firearms	3													
Vehicles	7	3				3								
Highway vehicle, motorized	7	3				3								
Truck	6	3				3								
Other sources	7	5	5											
Atmospheric and environmental conditions	3	3	3											
Weather and atmospheric conditions	3	3	3											

¹ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

For most homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "perpetrator" is the secondary source. For most falls, the secondary source identifies the equipment or surface from which the worker fell.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Data for 2007 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

² Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

The primary source of injury identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For most transportation incidents, the primary source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant. For most falls, the primary source identifies the surface or object contacted.

⁴ The secondary source of injury, if any, identifies the object, substance, or person that generated the source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road divider, etc.) is the secondary source.