TABLE A-9. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure for all fatal injuries and major private industry ¹ sector, Oregon, 2010

	Total fatalities (number)	Goods producing				Service providing							
Event or exposure ²		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total	47	13	7		4	29	18			3	3	4	
Contact with objects and equipment	8	5	3			3	3						
Struck by object or equipment	5	4	3										
Struck by falling object or equipment	4	3											
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	3												
Falls	4												
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	4					3							
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic													
substances	3					3							
Transportation accidents						14	9			3			
Highway accident	14					12	8			3			
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	5					4	3						
Vehicle struck object on side of road	4					3							
Noncollision accident	3					3							
Jack-knifed or overturnedno collision	3					3							
Assaults and violent acts	12	4				8	3						
Self-inflicted injury	10	4				6	3						
Suicide, attempted suicide	10	4				6	3						

¹ Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

NOTE: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatal injury counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.