TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury for all fatal injuries and by major private industry<sup>1</sup> sector, Oregon, 2012

						Service providing							
Primary source and secondary source <sup>2</sup>	Total fatal injuries (number)	Goods producing				Oct vice providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services		Other services
Total	43	20	12	5	3	20	9				3	3	3
Primary Source <sup>4</sup>													
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	16	6	5			9	3					3	
Animals	1	1	1										
Mammals, except humans	1	1	1										
Swine and other porcines	1	1	1										
Personinjured or ill worker	4					3							
Personother than injured or ill worker	6					5	2						
Assailant, suspect, inmate	3					3	2					1	
Robber Plants, trees, vegetationnot processed	5	4	4			1	1						
Trees, logs, limbs	5	4	4										
Logs	3	3	3										
Tools, instruments, and equipment	3	3		3									
Ladders	3	3		3									
Movableladders	3	3		3									
Vehicles	19	8	7			10	6				2		
Aircraft	2					2					2		
Airplanespowered fixed wing	2					2					2		
Airplanepropeller-driven or piston engine	2					2					2		
Water vehicle Barge	6	3	3			3	2						
Commercial fishing vessel	3	3	3			<u>'</u>							
Cargo ship, freighter, passenger liner, ship, excluding sail-powered	1					1	1						
Motorboat, motorized yacht	1												
Highway vehicles, motorized	9	3				5	4						1
Passenger vehicleautomobiles, buses, and passenger vans	3					1	1						
Taxi	1					1	1						
Multi-purpose highway vehicles	4	1	1			2	1						1
Pickup truck	3	1	1			2	1						1
SUV, sports utility vehicle	1												
Off-road or industrial vehiclespowered Tractors, PTOs		1											
Farm tractor		1	1										
Other sources	1					1			1				
Paper, books, magazines	1					1			1				
Paper, sheets	1					1			1				
Secondary Source <sup>5</sup>													l
Chemicals and chemical products	1					1	1						
Aromatics and hydrocarbon derivatives, except halogenated	1					1	1						
Other aromatics and hydrocarbon derivatives, except halogenated	1					1	1						
Parts and materials	3												
Fasteners, connectors, ropes, ties	3												
Ropes, ties, chains	3												
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	4					2	1				1		
Animals  Mammals, except humans	1					1	1						
Cattle and other bovines						1	1						
Plants, trees, vegetationnot processed	3					1					1		
Trees, logs, limbs	3					1					1		
Trees						1					1		
Structures and surfaces	1					1					1		
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	1					1					1		
Ground	1					1					1		
Tools, instruments, and equipment	6					6	3						
Handtoolsnonpowered Cutting handtoolsnonpowered	2											1	
Knives, unspecified or n.e.c.	2 2											1	
Firearms, law enforcement, and other self-defense equipment	4					4	3						
Firearms	4					4	3						
Rifle, shotgun	1					1	1						
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TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury for all fatal injuries and by major private industry 1 sector, Oregon, 2012

Primary source and secondary source <sup>2</sup>	Total fatal injuries (number)		Goods r	producing		Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	
Vehicles														
Highway vehicles, motorized														
Multi-purpose highway vehicles														
SUV, sports utility vehicle	1	1	1											
Other sources	4		2			1	1							
Environmental and elemental conditions	3	2	2			1	1							
Flooding and other water sources	2	2	2											
Waves, surges, rough seas	2	2	2											
Weather and atmospheric conditions	1					1	1							
Ice, sleet, snow	1					1	1							

Industry data are based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2007.

NOTE: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Unpublished categories and data that do not meet published criteria may cause published data to not add up to the data totals. CFOI fatal injury counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, New York City, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, June 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The primary source of a fatal occupational injury is the object, substance, person, bodily motion, or exposure that most directly led to, produced, or inflicted the injury or illness.

<sup>5</sup> The secondary source of a fatal occupational injury is the object, substance, person, or exposure, other than the source, if any, which most actively generated the source or contributed to the injury or illness.