TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Oregon, 2013

Industry <sup>1</sup>	Fatal injuries		Private sector wage and salary workers <sup>2</sup>		Government workers <sup>3</sup>		Self-employed workers <sup>4</sup>	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	49	100	38	100	3	100	8	100
GOODS PRODUCING	23	46.9	19	50.0			4	50.0
Natural resources and mining	11	22.4	7	18.4			4	50.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	10	20.4	7	18.4			3	37.5
Animal production	3	6.1						
Other animal production	1 1	2.0					1 1	12.5
Apiculture Forestry and logging	3	2.0 6.1					1	12.5 12.5
Logging	3	6.1						12.5
Logging	3	6.1						12.5
Fishing, hunting and trapping	1	2.0	1	2.6				
Fishing	1	2.0	1	2.6				
Fishing	1	2.0	1	2.6				
Mining <sup>5</sup>	1	2.0					1	12.5
Mining (except oil and gas)	1	2.0					1	12.5
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying	1 1	2.0					l ;	12.5
Stone mining and quarrying	1 1	2.0					l i	12.5
Dimension stone mining and quarrying	1	2.0					1	12.5
Construction	9	18.4	9	23.7				
Construction	9	18.4	9	23.7				
Heavy and civil engineering construction	4	8.2	4	10.5				
Specialty trade contractors	4	8.2	4	10.5				
Other specialty trade contractors	1	2.0	1	2.6				
Site preparation contractors	1	2.0	1	2.6				
Manufacturing	3	6.1	3	7.9				
Manufacturing	3	6.1	3	7.9				
Food manufacturing	1	2.0	1	2.6				
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	1 1	2.0	1 1	2.6				
Frozen food manufacturing Frozen fruit, juice, and vegetable manufacturing	1 1	2.0 2.0		2.6 2.6				
SERVICE PROVIDING	26	53.1	19	50.0	3	100	4	50.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities Wholesale trade	12	24.5	9	23.7				
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods								
Miscellaneous durable goods merchant wholesalers	1	2.0	1	2.6		]		
Recyclable material merchant wholesalers	1	2.0	1	2.6				
Retail trade								
Gasoline stations	1	2.0	1	2.6				
Gasoline stations	1	2.0	1	2.6				
Transportation and warehousing	8	16.3	5	13.2				
Air transportation	1	2.0	1	2.6				
Nonscheduled air transportation	1	2.0	1	2.6				

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Oregon, 2013

Industry <sup>1</sup>	Fatal injuries		Private sector wage and salary workers <sup>2</sup>		Government workers <sup>3</sup>		Self-employed workers <sup>4</sup>	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Nonscheduled air transportation Truck transportation Couriers and messengers	1 4 1	2.0 8.2 2.0	1  1	2.6  2.6			  	  
Professional and business services Administrative and waste services Administrative and support services Services to buildings and dwellings Landscaping services	8 7 7 4 	16.3 14.3 14.3 8.2	6 5 5 3	15.8 13.2 13.2 7.9	   	   	  1 1	  12.5 12.5
Leisure and hospitality Accommodation and food services Accommodation Traveler accommodation Hotels (except casino hotels) and motels	1 1 1 1	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	1 1 1 1 1	2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6	   	   	   	   
Public administration Public administration Justice, public order, and safety activities	  1	  2.0	  	  	  1	  33.3	  	  
Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection	1 1	2.0 2.0	 	 	1 1	33.3 33.3	 	 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Industry data are based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2007.

Note: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatal injury counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, New York City, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, June 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.