TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Oregon, 2016

Industry ¹	Fatal injuries		Private sector wage and salary workers ²		Government workers ³		Self-employed workers ⁴	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	72	100	52	100	6	100.0	14	100
GOODS PRODUCING	39	54.2	30	57.7			8	57.1
Natural resources and mining	28	38.9	22	42.3			5	35.7
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	28	38.9	22	42.3			5	35.7
Crop production	7	9.7	7	13.5				
Fruit and tree nut farming	3	4.2	3	5.8				
Noncitrus fruit and tree nut farming	3	4.2	3	5.8				
Berry (except strawberry) farming	2	2.8	2	3.8				
Other crop farming	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Hay farming	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Animal production and aquaculture			1	1.9				
Cattle ranching and farming			1	1.9				
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots			1	1.9				
Beef cattle ranching and farming	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Forestry and logging	11	15.3	8	15.4			3	21.4
Logging	11	15.3	8	15.4			3	21.4
Logging	11	15.3	8	15.4			3	21.4
Fishing, hunting and trapping	6	8.3	5	9.6			1	7.1
Fishing	6	8.3	5	9.6			1	7.1
Fishing	6	8.3	5	9.6			1	7.1
Shellfish fishing	4	5.6	4	7.7				
Construction	9	12.5	6	11.5			3	21.4
Construction	9	12.5	6	11.5			3	21.4
Construction of buildings								
Nonresidential building construction	2	2.8	2	3.8				
Commercial and institutional building construction	2	2.8	2	3.8				
Specialty trade contractors	5	6.9	3	5.8				
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	3	4.2	1	1.9				
Framing contractors	1	1.4	1	1.9				
SERVICE PRODUCING	33	45.8	22	42.3	5	83.3	6	42.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	18	25.0	13	25.0			4	28.6
Retail trade	5	6.9	4	7.7				
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Automotive parts, accessories, and tire stores	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Automotive parts and accessories stores	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Building material and supplies dealers	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Home centers	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Transportation and warehousing	13	18.1	9	17.3			3	21.4
Air transportation	1	1.4					1	7.1
Nonscheduled air transportation	1	1.4					1	7.1

See footnotes at the end of the document

Industry ¹	Fatal injuries		Private sector wage and salary workers ²		Government workers ³		Self-employed workers ⁴	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Nonscheduled air transportation	1	1.4					1	7.1
Truck transportation	10	13.9	8	15.4				
Specialized freight trucking	8	11.1	6	11.5				
Specialized freight (except used goods) trucking, local	5	6.9	3	5.8				
Specialized freight (except used goods) trucking, long-	1	1.4	1	1.9				
distance								
Financial activities	2	2.8						
Finance and insurance	2	2.8						
Insurance carriers and related activities	2	2.8						
Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related activities	2	2.8						
Insurance agencies and brokerages	2	2.8						
Professional and business services	4	5.6	3	5.8			1	7.1
Professional and technical services	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Professional, scientific, and technical services	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Architectural, engineering, and related services	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Engineering services	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Administrative and waste services	3	4.2					1	7.1
Administrative and support services	3	4.2					1	7.1
Services to buildings and dwellings	1	1.4					1	7.1
Landscaping services	1	1.4					1	7.1
Educational and health services			1	1.9				
Health care and social assistance			1	1.9				
Ambulatory health care services	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Home health care services	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Home health care services	1	1.4	1	1.9				
Public administration	3	4.2			3	50.0		
Public administration	3	4.2			3	50.0		
Administration of environmental quality programs	1	1.4			1	16.7		
Administration of environmental quality programs	1	1.4			1	16.7		
Administration of air and water resource and solid waste	1	1.4			1	16.7		
management programs								

¹ CFOI has used several versions of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) since 2003 to define industry. For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our definitions page at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm.

Note: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatal injury counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, New York City, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, December 08, 2017

² May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation.

³ Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

⁴ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁵ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.