

**Table 2b. Program-related fatalities by source of injury or disease,
Oregon, 2000-2004**

Source of injury or disease	Acceptance year					Five year	
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	Total	%
Chemicals and chemical products	-	1	-	1	2	4	3.6
Containers	-	-	3	-	1	4	3.6
Furniture and fixtures	-	-	1	-	-	1	0.9
Machinery	4	4	6	4	4	22	19.8
<i>Agricultural and garden machinery</i>	-	-	1	-	-	1	0.9
<i>Construction, logging, and mining machinery</i>	3	1	1	4	3	12	10.8
<i>Material handling machinery</i>	1	2	2	-	1	6	5.4
<i>Metal, wood, and special materials machinery</i>	-	-	2	-	-	2	1.8
Parts and materials	6	4	-	2	-	12	10.8
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	3	-	5	2	2	12	10.8
Structures and surfaces	5	4	3	2	3	17	15.3
Tools, instruments, and equipment	-	-	1	1	-	2	1.8
Vehicles	5	6	4	3	5	23	20.7
<i>Trucks</i>	2	2	1	1	2	8	7.2
<i>Other highway vehicles</i>	-	1	-	1	-	2	1.8
<i>Nonindustrial off-road vehicles</i>	1	-	2	-	1	4	3.6
<i>Plant and industrial vehicles</i>	1	3	1	1	2	8	7.2
<i>Water vehicles</i>	1	-	-	-	-	1	0.9
Other sources	3	1	7	2	1	14	12.6
Total	26	20	30	17	18	111	100.0

Footnotes:

Compensable fatalities are claims, accepted by insurers, arising from a fatal occupational injury or disease that entitles workers and/or their survivors to compensation. Data exclude deaths of workers not subject to Oregon Workers' Compensation coverage, such as workers who were self-employed, worked in Oregon for out-of-state employers, city of Portland police and fire employees, or federal employees. For additional information about employer coverage requirements, you may contact the Employer Compliance Program at wcd.employerinfo@state.or.us or call (888) 877-5670.

Program-related fatalities are a subset of compensable fatalities that resulted from incidents the DCBS Occupational Safety and Health Division (Oregon OSHA) determined may have been prevented by complying with safety and health standards and/or implementing a safety and health management program. Please contact Oregon OSHA at (503) 378-3272 for information about Oregon OSHA fatality investigations.

Injury sources are classified according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics' [Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System](#) (OIICS).

Dashes indicate no claims were received.

0.0 percent indicates that the percentage of claims calculates to less than 0.05.

Source: Information Management Division, Oregon Department of Consumer and Business Services